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가 1999 . 1970

^{*} Dong-Hoon Yang(Kyungsung University), "The Problem of Political Corruption and the New Democratic Regime in Brazil: A View of Political Regime".

. , , , , -

292

. フト (the rule of the law) , (public)· (private) , フト

(Quah, 1999, 245; della Porta & Vannucci, 1999: 7-8, 95; Weyland, 1998: 114; Geddes and Neto, 1999: 31; Heywood, 1997: 14).

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가 , ,

(political

institutionalization) .

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가 .

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. 가 .1)

가 가 가 1. (political system) - , , 가 (political regime) 가 (value), 가 (rule) (norm), .2) 가 .3) 가 (TI)가 45 , 2001 4.0 7\ 45 , 2003 2000 4.0 48 , 10 7h 133 3.9 90 2000 가 46 , 2002 4.0 가 54 가 102 가 . 2000 4.2 42 , 2002 4.5 40 2001 フト 4.3 133 (http://www.transparency.org/ 50 フト 40 2003 (http://www. transparency.org/cpi/2003/). 2) (2001; 2002) (political system) ' 가'(the state) 3) (political regime) ',

(Macridis, 1986: 2-21)

(Easton, 1979: 21-33, 199-4)

```
(準, quasi-)
                                                          (transition)
                                                 (consolidation)
                           가
    가
                                                     가 ,
                                                         가
                                                      (Sechdler, 2001: 6;
       , 1994).4)
                       (ideal- type)
                                               "(solid)
  "(consolidated)
                                                                    가 ,
                          .5)
      '(the quasi-authoritarian regime)
                                                        '(the new demo-
cratic regime)
                                                                       가
                 가
4)
                                      가
                (Linz and Stepan, 1996: 3-15)
                                                                     "(con-
   solidated democracy)
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: 295 - , , , -가

가 , --. , ,

2.

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가 .

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가 .

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6) - 7†

· 가 ·

가 가 가 7) < 1> 가 7) "(democratic founding elections)

가

(Dahl, 1971: 3).

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(cycle)

가 . 가 .

1.

(1889) (Clientilism:

Patron-Client Politics)

(boss)

(the Old Republic) "

"(coronel) 가

(Fynn,

1978: 38-39).8)

가 (Marinz, 1996). (公)· (私) "(The politics of favor) (Fleischer, 2002: 5). < 1> (1964-1978), (1979- 1988), (1988-2003) 가 1964 "(Institutional Act No. 5) 1978 - (Humberto Castelo Branco), (Artur da Costa e Silva), (Emílio Garrastazú Médici), 1978 (Ernesto Geisel) -

8) "Coronelismo"

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가
  5
                     가
1988
       9
                                                   (Jão Baptista de
Oliveira Figueiredo)
                                (José Sarney Costa)
                                                          (1985, 4 -
1990, 3)가
                                               .9)
                                 가
                                                                1988
   9
                  (Fernando Collor de Mello),
                                                     (Itamar Franco),
        (Fernando Henrique Cardoso)
                           가
                     "(extreme multi-partism)
                       가
                                   가
9)
          (Sarney)
         : (1)
                                                             .
가
                                     27
                                                   5
              ; (2)
                , 1996: 179-186).
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"(pork-barrel politic	es)			
			(Gedo	les/Neto
1999, 28).				
44	"(de	cree politics)	-	
(Med	lidas Provisória	as)		-
	•			
2.				
1) (19	90 3 - 19			
		가		
	•	(1988)	1960	
(Jânio Quadros)	30			1989
20		•		
39			1	
,	52 00/		1	
30.5%,	53.0% ácio 'Lula' da	Cilvo)	(Cogo	ins and
Lewis, 1992: 57).	acio Luia da	. Siiva)	(Cogg	,iiis aiiu
가 (PRN))		1989		
20		1707	4.2%	
20	•	. 2	4.270	
가		. 2		
•	39.6%			
			,	
			60	37

30 가

.10) 1990 100

1991

- 415 13 -

(Mainwaring, 1997: 95-96;

Power, 1994: 9-10). 1991

가

(Paulo César Farias)

(Pedro Collor de Mello) (RB, 1992-05: 6).11) 1988

가

(São Paulo)

(Fleischer, 1997: 5).

가

-10%

가 10) 1990 185 -

2

190

11) RB Latin American Regional Reports: Brazil Report . (RB, 1992-05) 1992 5

15%-40% .12) .13) 1992 6 (CPI) (roll-call) 1992 9 441 36 12 30 8 76 81 (RB, 1992-08: 6; RB, 1993-01: 3). (STF)) 1993 12 1994 12 3 가 (Skidmore, 1999: 2).

1990 3

100

15%

3 23%, 1992 2

(RB, 1992-01: 6).

71%, 1990 6 36%, 1991

(Mainwaring, 1997: 15).

가 가 7 25 (RB, 1995-01: 6-7). 2) (1992 - 1994 12) 가 2 . 61 2 (Minas Gerais) 20 가 . 1994 7.2 2 1 4 가 .14) .15) (João Alves) 1988 가 .16) 1993 505; 160; 147 (Mainwaring, 1997: 63). 15) "Budgetgate" , 56% , 23%; , 24%; (RB, 1994-04: 2). 36.1% 1993

14.5% ((RB, 1993-01: 5; RB, 1993-09: 4).

304

81

33

43 3 18 14 11 7 18 4 가 14 (SFCI) (CEI) (1995 1 3) - 2002 12) (PSDB) 1994 10 1 54.3% 가 27% (PT) 2 가 (Real Plan) 1998 1994 1 53.1% 175 , (PFL) 1994 517

(PFL) (PMDB), (PTB) 56%, 69% (Derbyshire and Derbyshire, 1996: 568; Mainwring, 1997: 78). 1998 99 , 16 378 , 62 (Regional Surveys of the World, 2001: 177). 8 1995 (Political Council) (Government Council) 5 803 5 , 1995 1999 3,223 (EIU Country Report: Brazil, 2000: 1Q/16). 60 2000 12 2001 1 120

•

(SUDAM) (SUDENE)가 20 (Real) (Para) (Jader Barbalho) 10 - 17 (Roseana Sarney) 가 (SIVAM) (Raytheon) 1989 (Banco Econômico) 가 2000 (Fleischer, 2002: 11). (Luiz Estevão)

1995 가

(Fleischer, 2002: 28).

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(lobby)

21 2001

,

(side-payments) . 2000 가

(The Code of Public Ethics)

· 가

가 (Fleischer, 2002:

27).

6

(Geddes and Neto, 1999: 45).18)

가

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가 (corruption-

report, 2002: 103).19)

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Abstract

Political corruption -its scandals, cycles, and chains- is, among others, closely related to a fragile and contradictory nature of the new democratic regime which has emerged in the democratizing process in Brazil and the other Third World countries, particularly at the stage of higher modernization. In the new democratic regime, most democratic values, norms and rules have been formally asserted and justified in the political discourse. Furthermore, some key principles of democracy have been actually materialized, even though they do not firmly take root: the frequent regularity of electoral competition, the dispersion of policy-

¹⁹⁾ http//corruptionreport.org 2002, p. 103.

making power between major governmental institutions, and the expansion of citizenship including political rights and freedoms of speech and press which can oversee and check the political society to some extent. In the new democratic regime, however, some authoritarian attitudes and practices, such as clientilism or political leadership's arbitrary collection and distribution of political funds without being caught and punished, have still affected most political roles and relations in the reality. This is mainly because the rule of law is much less effective in term of political norms and intentions. It is also because the principles of political accountability do not work properly inside the government, between its major agencies.

Key Words: Political Corruption, Democratization, The New Democratic Regime, Democratic Consolidation, Brazil / , , , ,

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 $(2002), \Gamma$ J, , Vol. 36, No. 2, pp. 93-112. _(2001), T , Vol. 22, No. 2, pp. 129-144. J, 21 _(1997), **「** J, , No. 13, pp. 5-21. _(1996), 「 J, , Vol. 9, No. 1, pp. 171-194. J, , Vol. 30, No. 3, pp. 451-481.

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